

WEBSITE INDEXING FIX REPORT

Colorado Research Peptides

coloradoresearchpeptides.com
Search Console Audit | May 22, 2026

Audit Details

Website	coloradoresearchpeptides.com
Report Date	May 22, 2026
Audit Type	Google Search Console Indexing Issues
Areas Reviewed	Page Indexing, robots.txt, Redirects, 404 Errors, Crawl Issues

Executive Summary

This report documents all indexing and technical issues identified in Google Search Console for coloradoresearchpeptides.com. Each issue is explained in plain language with clear, step-by-step instructions so that they can be fixed without advanced technical knowledge.

Multiple issues were identified across five categories: noindex tags, redirect issues, 404 errors, robots.txt blocks, and pages crawled but not indexed. Issues are labeled as High or Medium. High priority issues should be resolved immediately as they directly affect how Google finds and indexes your site. Medium priority issues should be addressed within the week.

Each issue below includes a plain-language explanation of what is happening, followed by numbered steps showing exactly where to go and what to do to resolve it.

Section 1 — Excluded by 'noindex' Tag

The following pages were found by Google but are tagged with a noindex instruction, meaning Google will not include them in search results. Some of these are intentional and correct; others may need attention.

ISSUE 01 Tag Pages Are Noindexed (oxygen-sensors, parts, luxury) — Medium Priority

What is happening: Three tag archive pages are currently set to noindex, meaning Google will not show them in search results. If these tag pages contain several relevant products with good descriptions, it may be worth allowing Google to index them. If they are thin pages with very few products, keeping them noindexed is fine.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- As we use RankMath: go to RankMath > Titles & Meta > Tags. Find the 'Robot Meta' setting and change it from Noindex to Index.
- Save your changes.

Note: Only enable indexing for these tag pages if they contain meaningful content. Tag pages with only one or two products should remain noindexed.

ISSUE 02 wp-admin AJAX URL Was Crawled by Google — High Priority

What is happening: Google found and attempted to crawl a URL from your admin backend (/wp-admin/admin-ajax.php). This is a technical function that runs behind the scenes on your website. Google should never be reaching it. This indicates your robots.txt file may not be fully blocking the admin area, which is a security and crawl efficiency concern.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- Open your SEO plugin's robots.txt editor. In RankMath: go to RankMath > General Settings > Edit robots.txt. In Yoast SEO: go to Yoast SEO > Tools > File Editor.
- Make sure the following two lines are present in your robots.txt file: `Disallow: /wp-admin/`
`Disallow: /wp-admin/admin-ajax.php`
- Save the file.
- In Google Search Console, go to this issue and click the 'Validate Fix' button.

Note: This is a one-time, low-effort fix that improves both your site security and crawl efficiency.

Section 2 — Pages with Redirect

The following page was crawled by Google but redirect to a different URL. Google will not index pages that redirect, and these particular URLs should never be reached by Google in the first place.

ISSUE 03 Elementor Template Preview URLs Are Being Crawled — Medium Priority

What is happening: Three URLs containing `?wpr_templates=` were found by Google. These are internal Elementor template preview links generated by your page builder when you design page layouts. They are not real pages — they redirect elsewhere when visited. Google is wasting time crawling them, which uses up your site's crawl budget unnecessarily.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- Open your robots.txt editor (same location as Issue 04 above).
- Add the following line: `Disallow: /?wpr_templates=`
- Save the file.
- In Google Search Console, click 'Validate Fix' on this issue.

Note: This is a single-line addition to your robots.txt file and takes under two minutes to complete.

Section 3 — Not Found (404 Errors)

The following page was visited by Google but returned a 404 'page not found' error. These are leftover URLs from a previous WooCommerce theme that no longer exist on your site. They should be redirected to the correct pages.

ISSUE 04 Two Old Theme URLs Are Returning 404 Errors — High Priority

What is happening: Google is trying to visit `/my-account-woo-auto-parts-v1/` and `/wishlist-woo-auto-parts-v1/` but finding nothing there. These were URLs created by a previous WooCommerce theme template. The correct pages now exist at different addresses, but Google is still visiting the old broken ones. Every time Google visits a dead page it wastes crawl budget and any links pointing to those old URLs go nowhere.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- If you use RankMath: go to RankMath > Redirections > Add New. If you use Yoast SEO Premium: go to Yoast SEO > Redirects > Add Redirect.
- Add the following two redirects, both as type '301 Permanent':
 - From: `/my-account-woo-auto-parts-v1/` To: `/myaccount/`
 - From: `/wishlist-woo-auto-parts-v1/` To: `/wishlist/` (or your shop page if no wishlist page exists)
- Save both redirects.
- Test by visiting the old URLs in your browser — they should automatically forward to the correct page.

Section 4 — Blocked by robots.txt

The following page is being blocked from Google by your robots.txt file. One is intentional and correct; the other requires a small fix.

ISSUE 05 Product URL Contains a Double Slash — High Priority

What is happening: A product URL (/product/nad-500mg//?add-to-cart=1620) was found with a double slash (//) in it. This means something on that product page is generating a broken link. The ?add-to-cart= URLs are correctly blocked by robots.txt, but the double slash indicates there is a malformed link on the page that needs to be fixed at the source.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- Go to Products and find the NAD 500mg product. Click Edit.
- Check the product page for any custom button links or plugin settings that may be adding an extra slash to the URL.
- Alternatively, install the free plugin 'Broken Link Checker' (Dashboard > Plugins > Add New, search for it). Run a scan and it will show you exactly where the broken link is being generated.
- Once you find the source, correct the URL so it reads: /product/nad-500mg/?add-to-cart=1620 (single slash).
- Also confirm your robots.txt includes: Disallow: /*?add-to-cart= to block all add-to-cart URLs from Google.

Section 5 — Crawled but Not Indexed

The following pages were visited by Google but Google chose not to include them in search results. This is usually because the page does not have enough unique or useful content, or because the URL type does not warrant indexing.

ISSUE 06 TB500-5mg Product Page Is Not Being Indexed — High Priority

What is happening: Google visited your `/product/tb500-5mg/` page but decided not to index it. This is most commonly caused by a product page that has very little written content — a short or missing description gives Google nothing to evaluate. Google needs to see meaningful, unique text on a page before it will show it in search results.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- Go to Products and find TB500-5mg. Click Edit.
- Scroll down to the Product Description section (the large text area below the product data tabs). Write a description of at least 200 to 300 words covering what the product is, its research background, dosage details, and any relevant specifications.
- Also fill in the Short Description field — this appears directly on the product page above the Add to Cart button.
- Scroll down to your SEO plugin section. Add a Meta Title (example: TB-500 5mg | Colorado Research Peptides) and a Meta Description of 150 to 160 characters summarising the product.
- Click Update to save the product.
- In Google Search Console, go to URL Inspection, paste the product URL, and click Request Indexing.

Note: Google may take one to four weeks to re-crawl and index the page after changes are made. Be patient after completing these steps.

ISSUE 07 Blog Post RSS Feed URLs Are Not Being Indexed — Low Priority

What is happening: Three blog post feed URLs (ending in `/feed/`) were crawled by Google but not indexed. These are automatically generated RSS feed pages that WordPress creates for every blog post. They are not real pages and do not need to appear in search results. Google is simply wasting time visiting them.

How to fix it:

- Log in to your WordPress Dashboard.
- Open your robots.txt editor (same location as Issue 04).
- Add the following line: `Disallow: */feed/`
- Save the file.

Note: This only blocks the `/feed/` version of each blog post URL. Your actual blog posts and pages are completely unaffected.

Conclusion

The ten issues documented in this report span five categories of indexing problems identified in Google Search Console. Four issues are classified as High priority and require immediate attention: the wp-admin AJAX URL being crawled by Google, the two 404 errors from old theme URLs, the double slash on the NAD 500mg product URL, and the TB500-5mg product page that is not being indexed due to thin content.

Resolving the High priority issues will improve how Google crawls and indexes your site, protect your crawl budget, and ensure your key product pages are visible in search results. The Medium priority issues — tag page indexing and Elementor template URLs — should be addressed within the week.

Once all identified issues have been resolved and verified via the Validate Fix buttons in Google Search Console, we will proceed with a full SEO content audit covering on-page optimization, keyword targeting, and conversion improvements across the product catalog.

— End of Report —